

EGFR Antibody
Rabbit mAb
Catalog # AP90130**Specification**

EGFR Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB, IHC, FC, ICC, IP
Primary Accession	P00533
Reactivity	Rat
Clonality	Monoclonal
Other Names	
kinase EGFR; ERBB1; Epidermal growth factor receptor precursor;	

Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	134277 Da

EGFR Antibody - Additional Information

Dilution	WB~~1:1000 IHC~~1:100~500 FC~~1:10~50 ICC~~N/A IP~~N/A
Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human EGFR Full-length sequence 1210aa around the c-term
Description	EGFR is a receptor tyrosine kinase. Receptor for epidermal growth factor (EGF) and related growth factors including TGF-alpha, amphiregulin, betacellulin, heparin-binding EGF-like growth factor, GP30 and vaccinia virus growth factor. Is involved in the control of cell growth and differentiation. . A single-pass transmembrane tyrosine kinase. Ligand binding to this receptor results in receptor dimerization, autophosphorylation (in trans), activation of various downstream signaling molecules and lysosomal degradation.
Storage Condition and Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

EGFR Antibody - Protein Information

Name EGFR ([HGNC:3236](#))

Synonyms ERBB, ERBB1, HER1

Function

Receptor tyrosine kinase binding ligands of the EGF family and activating several signaling cascades to convert extracellular cues into appropriate cellular responses (PubMed:[>10805725](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10805725), PubMed:[>27153536](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27153536), PubMed:[>2790960](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/2790960), PubMed:[>35538033](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35538033)). Known ligands include EGF, TGFA/TGF- alpha, AREG, epigen/EPGN, BTC/betacellulin, epiregulin/EREG and HBEGF/heparin-binding EGF (PubMed:[>12297049](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12297049), PubMed:[>15611079](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15611079), PubMed:[>17909029](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17909029), PubMed:[>20837704](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20837704), PubMed:[>27153536](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27153536), PubMed:[>2790960](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/2790960), PubMed:[>7679104](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7679104), PubMed:[>8144591](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8144591), PubMed:[>9419975](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9419975)). Ligand binding triggers receptor homo- and/or heterodimerization and autophosphorylation on key cytoplasmic residues. The phosphorylated receptor recruits adapter proteins like GRB2 which in turn activates complex downstream signaling cascades. Activates at least 4 major downstream signaling cascades including the RAS-RAF-MEK-ERK, PI3 kinase-AKT, PLCgamma-PKC and STATs modules (PubMed:[>27153536](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27153536)). May also activate the NF-kappa-B signaling cascade (PubMed:[>11116146](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11116146)). Also directly phosphorylates other proteins like RGS16, activating its GTPase activity and probably coupling the EGF receptor signaling to the G protein-coupled receptor signaling (PubMed:[>11602604](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11602604)). Also phosphorylates MUC1 and increases its interaction with SRC and CTNNB1/beta-catenin (PubMed:[>11483589](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11483589)). Positively regulates cell migration via interaction with CCDC88A/GIV which retains EGFR at the cell membrane following ligand stimulation, promoting EGFR signaling which triggers cell migration (PubMed:[>20462955](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20462955)). Plays a role in enhancing learning and memory performance (By similarity). Plays a role in mammalian pain signaling (long-lasting hypersensitivity) (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein Golgi apparatus membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Nucleus membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endosome. Endosome membrane. Nucleus. Note=In response to EGF, translocated from the cell membrane to the nucleus via Golgi and ER (PubMed:17909029, PubMed:20674546). Endocytosed upon activation by ligand (PubMed:17182860, PubMed:17909029, PubMed:27153536, PubMed:2790960). Colocalized with GPER1 in the nucleus of estrogen agonist-induced cancer-associated fibroblasts (CAF) (PubMed:20551055)

Tissue Location

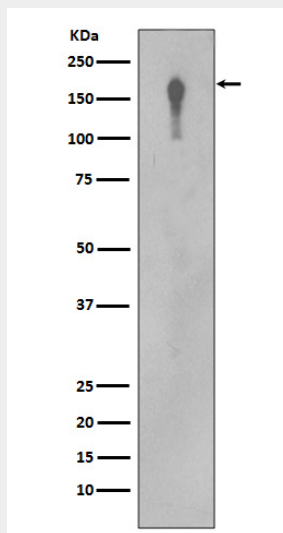
Ubiquitously expressed. Isoform 2 is also expressed in ovarian cancers.

EGFR Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

EGFR Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of EGFR in A431 cell lysate.